

# **Hypoxic Exposure of Cultured Human Renal Cells**

*Induces mediators of cell migration and attachment and facilitates the repair of tubular cell monolayers in vitro*

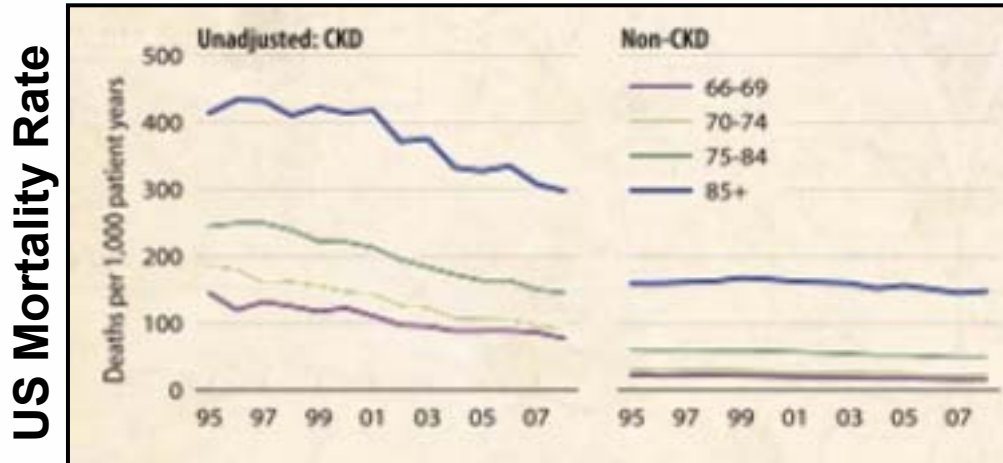
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Regenerative medicine  
brought to life.

**Andrew Bruce**  
*Tengion, Inc.*

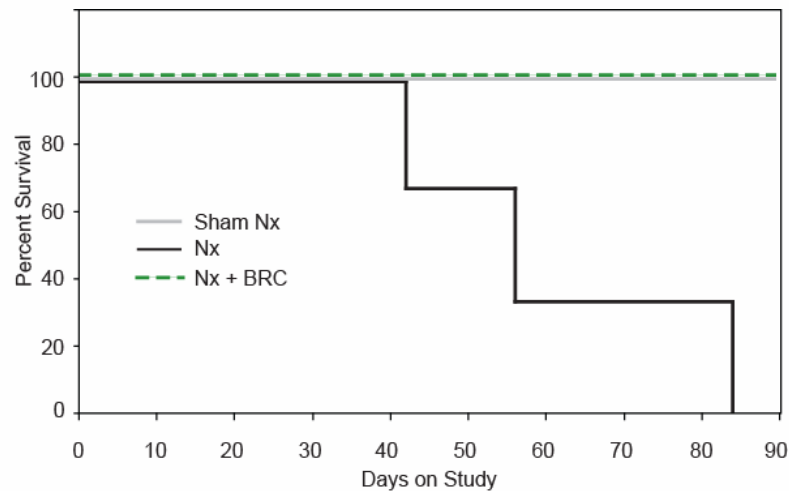
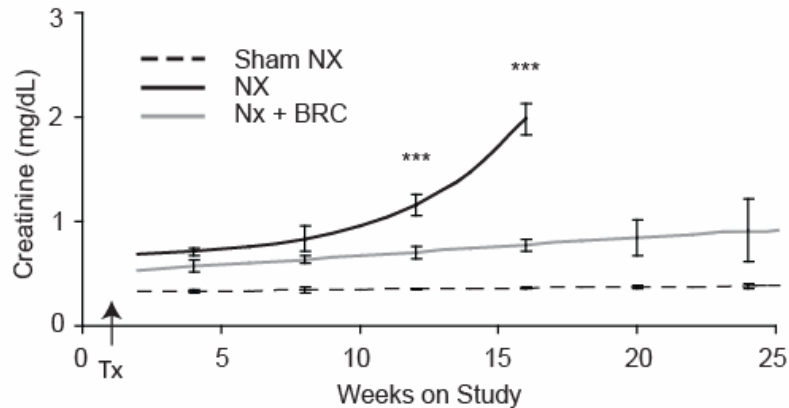
*April 10th, 2011*  
*Experimental Biology, Washington, DC*

# Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) is a leading cause of morbidity and mortality

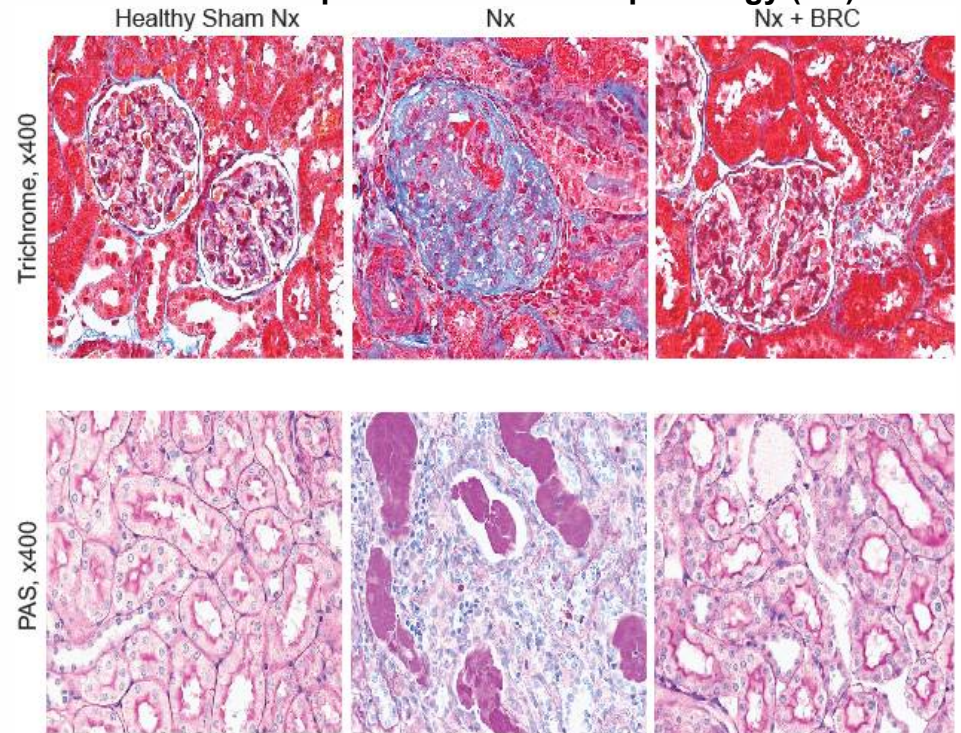


- **11.5% of adults >20 years old (23M) have physiologic evidence of Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD)**
- **In 2007**
  - 368,544 US residents were on dialysis
  - 17,513 kidney transplants were performed (with >80,000 people on waiting list)
  - 87,812 deaths occurred from End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD)
- **New treatment options are needed**

# Intra-renal Transplantation of Selected Bioactive Renal Cells Enhanced survival and stabilized renal functions in CKD



## Comparative Renal Histopathology (6M)



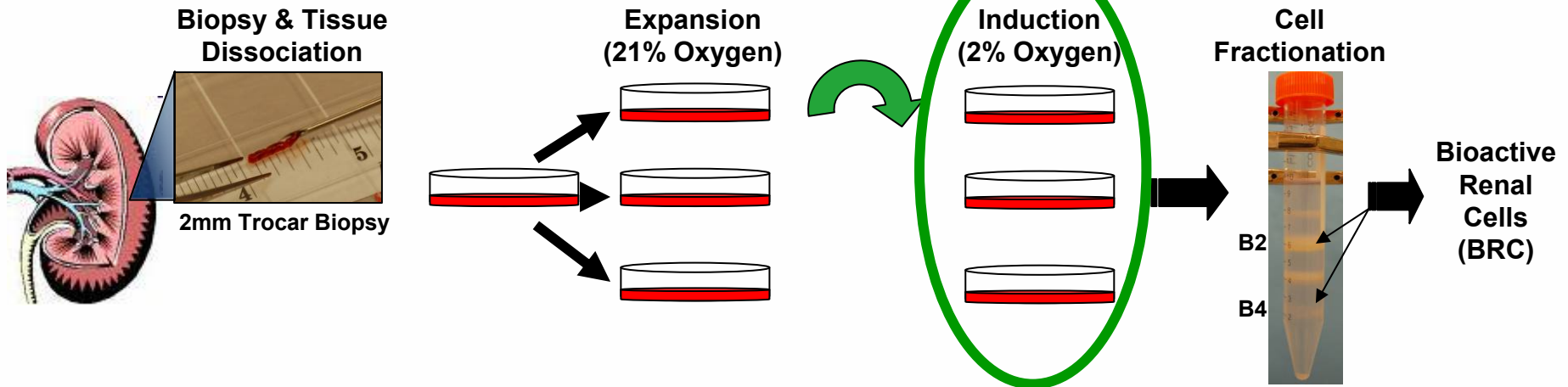
### Selected renal cells are biologically active:

- Stabilized glomerular filtration (GFR)
- Improved tubular function
- Prolonged survival
- Modulated fibrotic pathways

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# Exposure to Low Oxygen During Processing Alters composition and function of selected cells

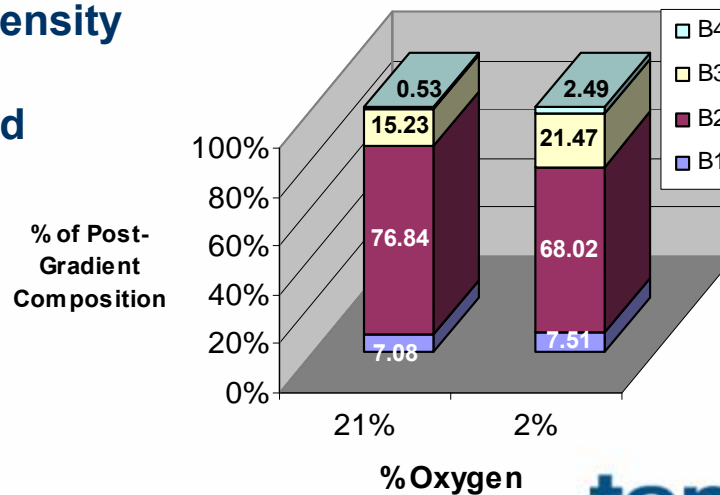
## Isolation Process for Bioactive Cells:



## Exposure to 2% Oxygen:

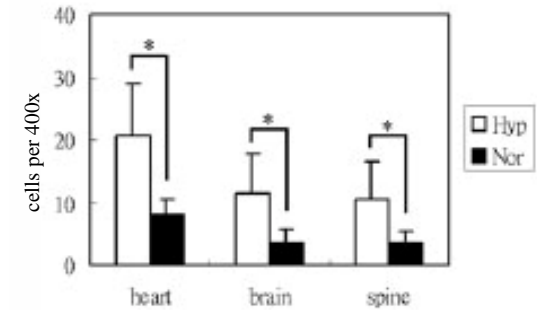
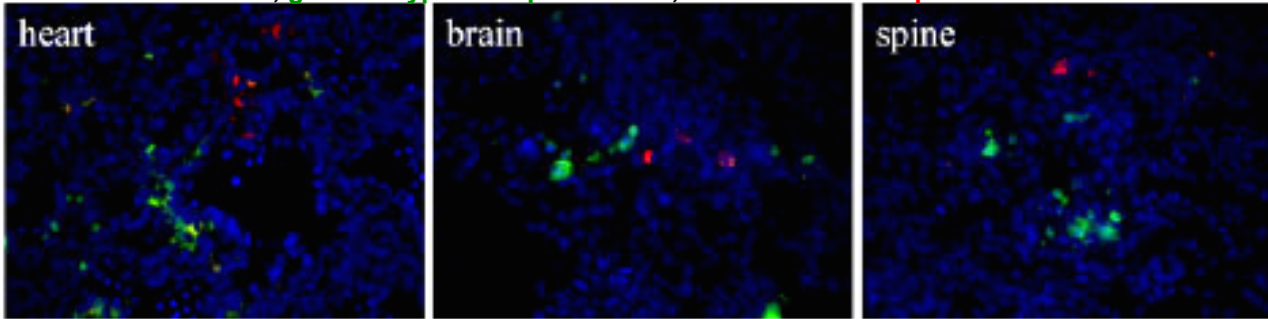
- Alters distribution of cells across density gradient
- Improves overall post-gradient yield
- Modulates oxygen-regulated gene expression\*
  - Erythropoietin ↑
  - VEGF ↑
  - HIF1-alpha ↑
  - KDR(VEGFR2) ↑

B1-B4 Distribution



# Low-oxygen Induction of MSCs Prior to Implant *Enhanced engraftment and function\**

Blue = nuclear stain, green = hypoxia exposed cells, red = normoxia exposed cells



From: Hung et al., PLoS One 2:e416, 2007)

- *Increased expression of chemokine receptors and engraftment of MSCs in-vivo* (\*Hung et al. 2007 PLoS One 2:e416)
- *Enhanced vascular regenerative response of MSCs in a hindlimb ischemia model* (\*Leroux et al. 2010 Mol Ther 18:1545)
- *Induced cytokines and increased angiogenesis and heart function in MSC-seeded myocardial patch* (\*Huang et al. 2010 J Mol Cell Cardiol 48:702)
- *Improved engraftment of MSCs after low-oxygen preconditioning in a damaged heart* (\*Noort et al. 2010 Panminerva Med 52:27)

**Hypothesis: In-process exposure to low oxygen enhances the ability of selected Bioactive Renal Cells to repair / regenerate damaged renal tubules.**

# *In vitro* Evaluation of Renal Regenerative Response

## *Development of assays for attachment & migration*

### Assay 1: Attachment

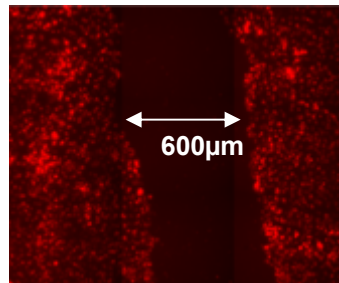
1. Label cells with fluorescent dyes

● 2%O<sub>2</sub>

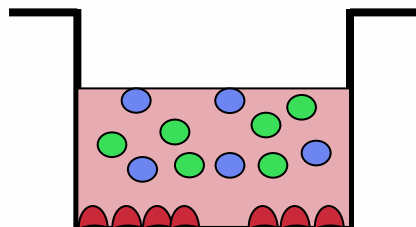
● 21%O<sub>2</sub>

● HK2 Tubular Monolayer (wounded)

2. Wound tubular cell monolayer



3. Add oxygen-exposed labeled cells



- 2%- and 21%- exposed BRC
- seeded equally @20K/cm<sup>2</sup>
- Serum-Free media / 5%O<sub>2</sub> / 24hrs

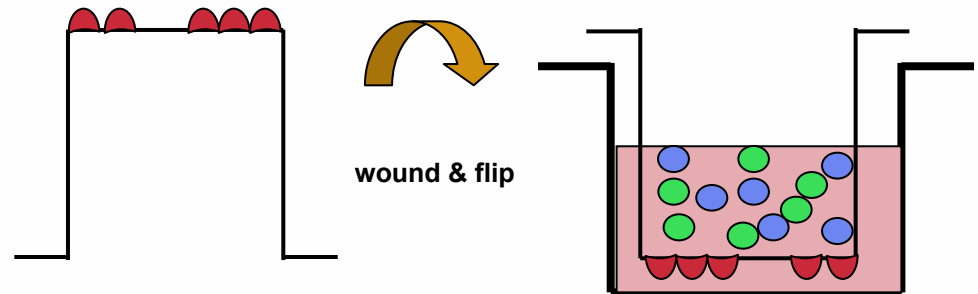
4. Quantify cells that repair wound

### Assay 2: Migration and Repair of Tubular Cell Monolayer

1. Label cells with fluorescent dyes

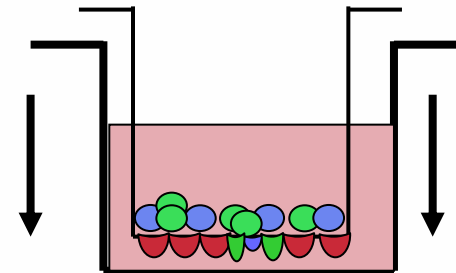
2. Establish **tubular cell monolayer** on bottom of 8µm pore size transwell insert and wound

3. Add 2% and 21% oxygen exposed labeled cells



- Seeded equally @50K/cm<sup>2</sup>
- Serum-free media / 5% O<sub>2</sub> / 24 hrs

4. Quantify cells that migrate and repair wound

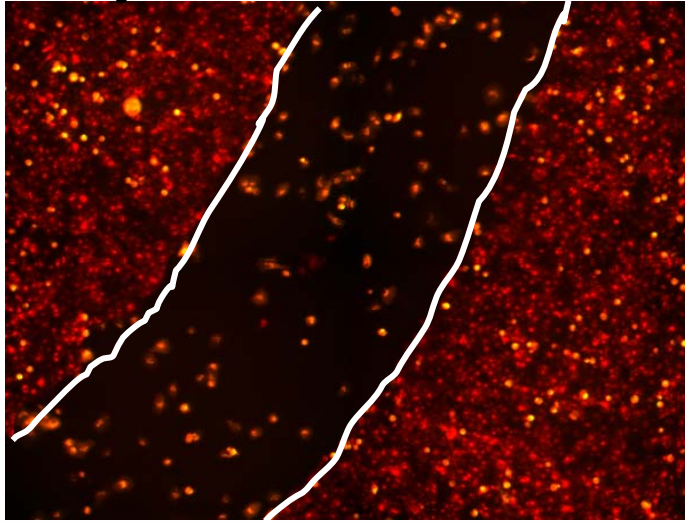


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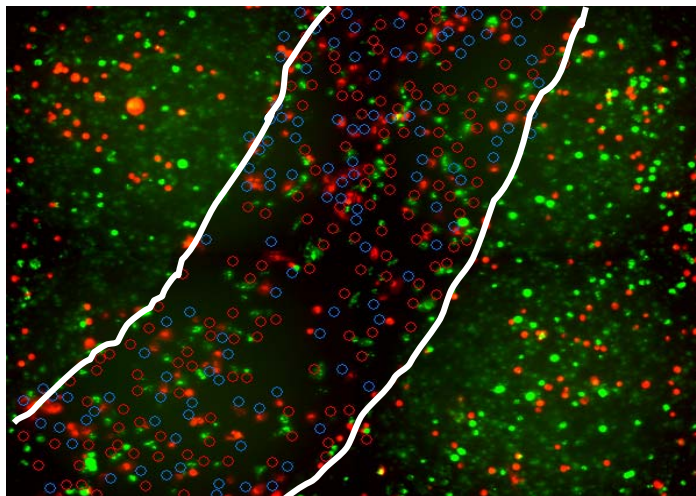
# Repair of Damaged Tubular Epithelial Monolayers *Is enhanced in 2% oxygen-induced selected renal cells*

## Assay 1: Attachment

t-0hr



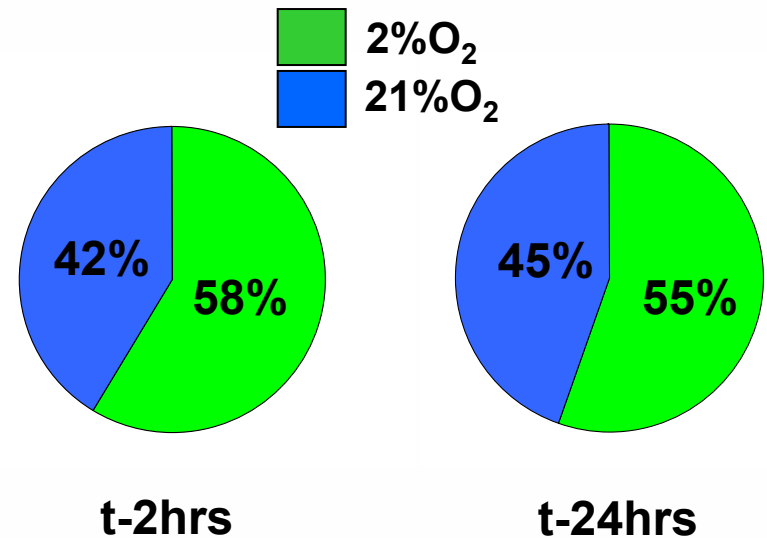
t-2hr



red circles = cells cultured 2%O<sub>2</sub>, blue circles= 21%O<sub>2</sub>

- Quantitative Image Analysis (BD Pathway 855 BioImager)

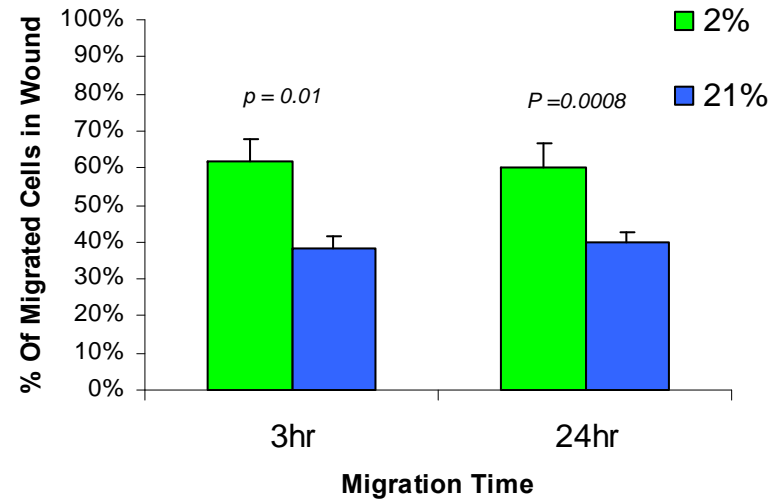
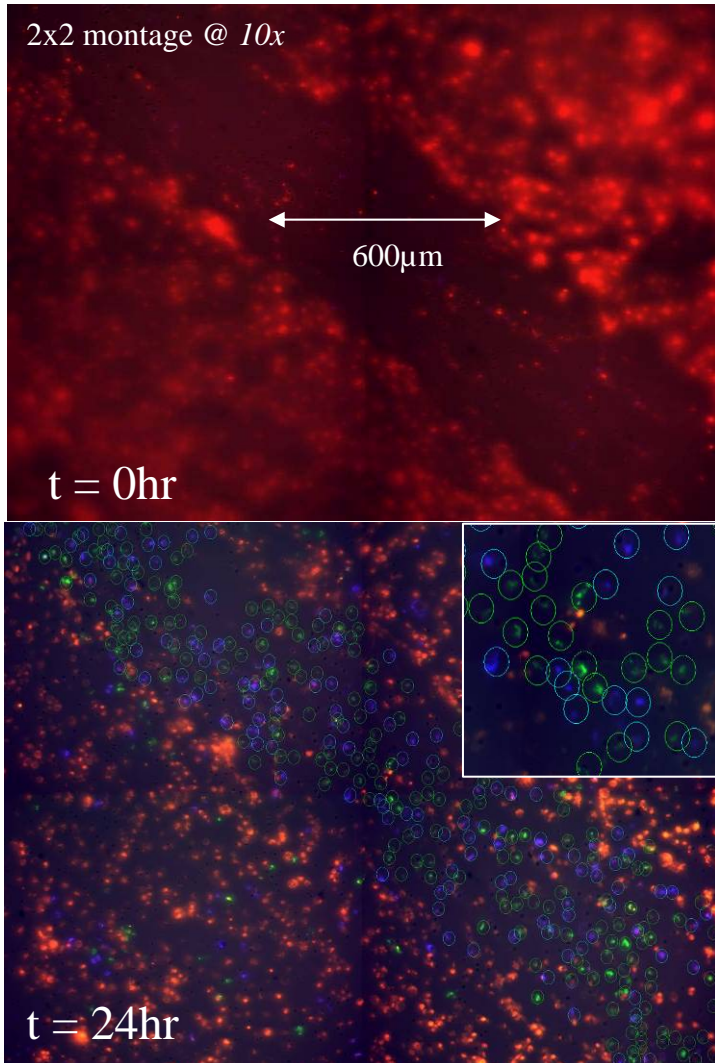
- 2% oxygen-induced BRCs
  - attached more rapidly (2 hrs)
  - sustained a mild advantage for 24 hrs



# Induction of Selected Renal Cells with 2% Oxygen

## *Enhanced migration response to damaged epithelium*

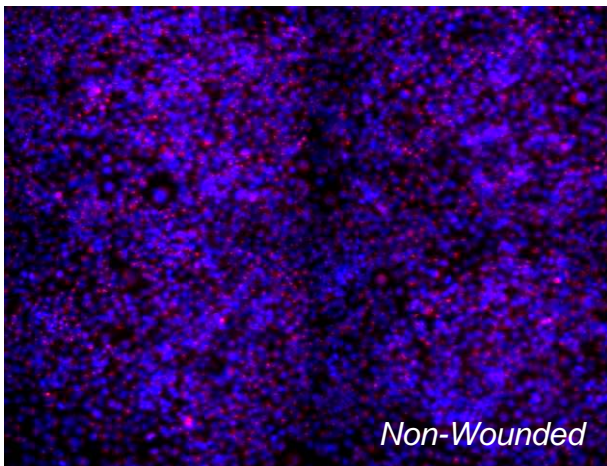
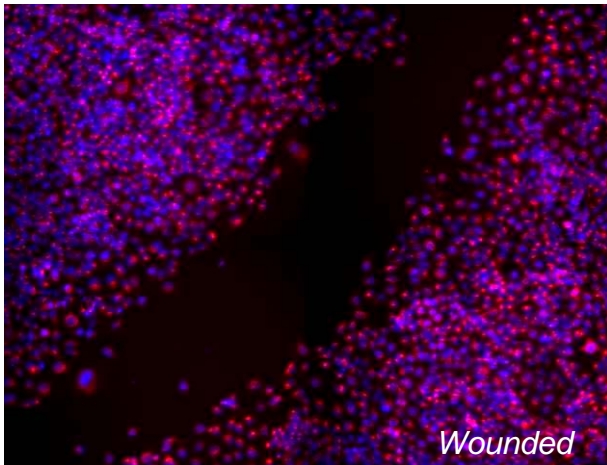
### Assay 2: Migration and Repair of Monolayer



N=3	3hr		24hr	
	Average # cells	Average %	Average # cells	Average %
2%O <sub>2</sub>	26.33	61.51%	117.67	60.35%
21%O <sub>2</sub>	16.67	38.49%	76.33	39.65%

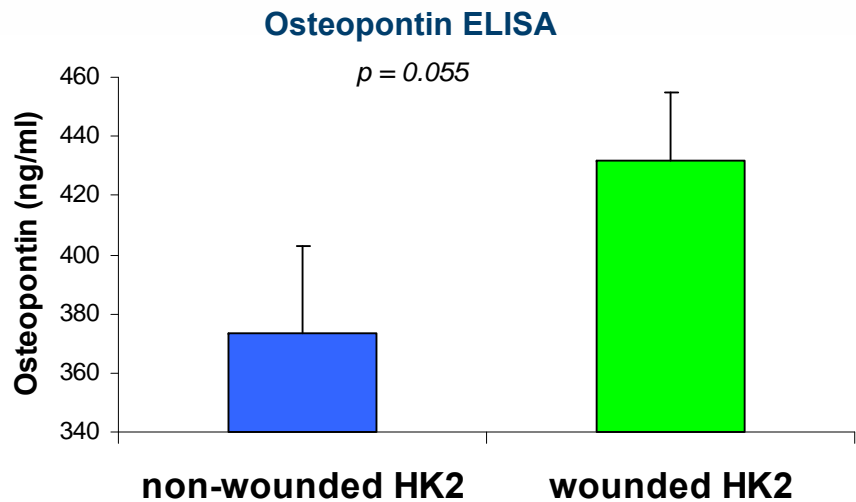
Quantitative image analysis using *Simple PCI*

# Osteopontin is Secreted by Tubular Cells and upregulated in response to injury

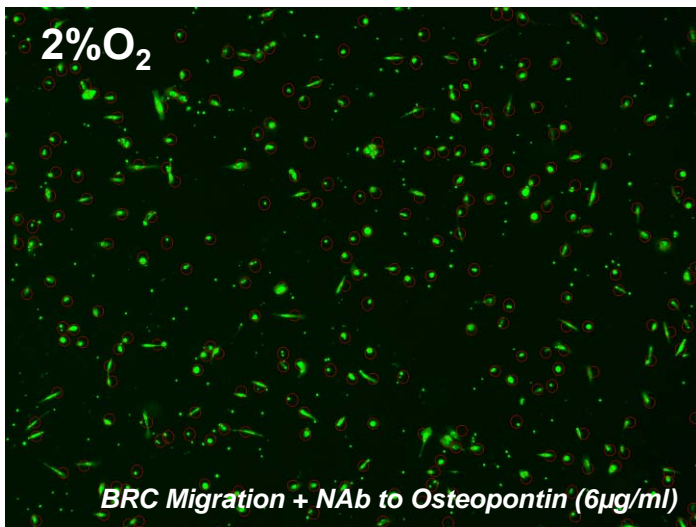
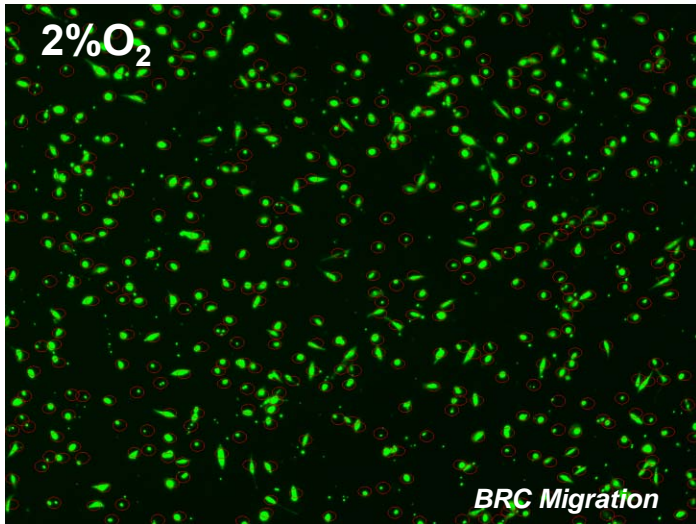


Osteopontin Immunocytochemistry: Hoechst nuclear stain (blue), Osteopontin (Red), 10x

- Osteopontin is a secreted phosphorylated glycoprotein\*
  - Expressed in kidney tubules
  - Involved in adhesion and migration
- Osteopontin is upregulated by injury in established tubular cell monolayers
  - Immunofluorescence
  - ELISA

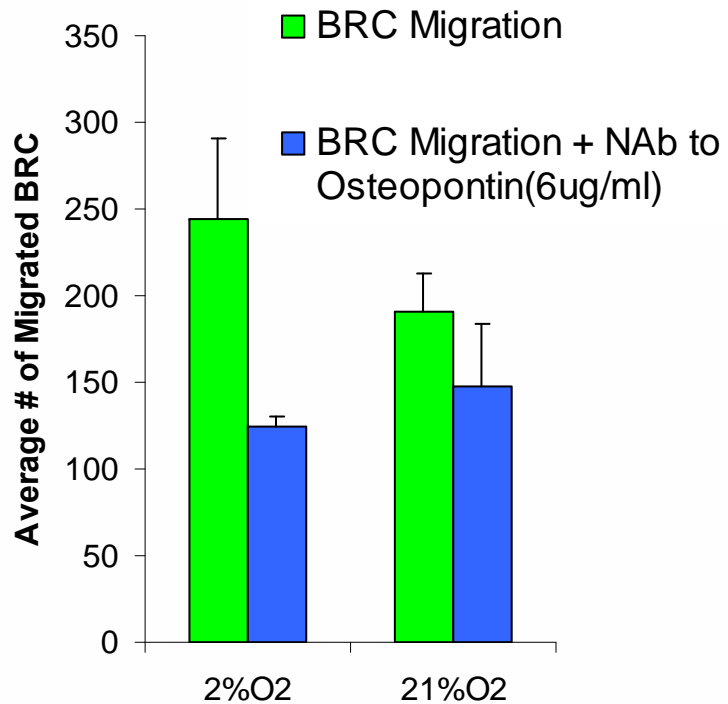


# The Migratory Response of Selected Renal Cells *Is mediated in part by Osteopontin*



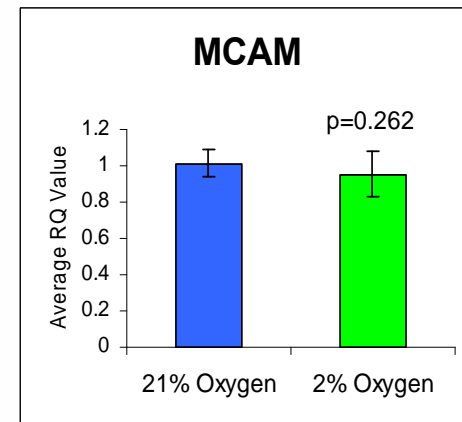
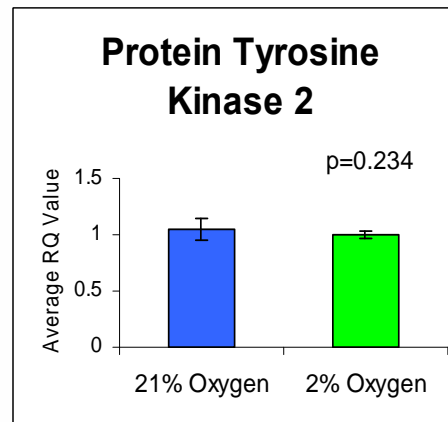
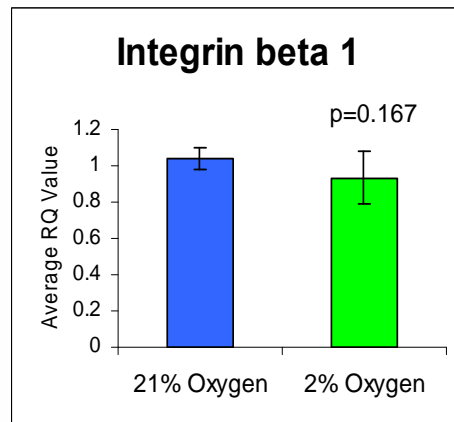
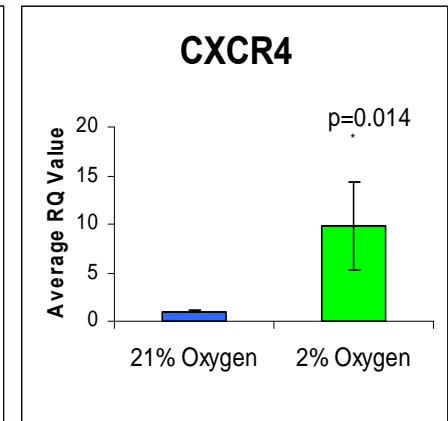
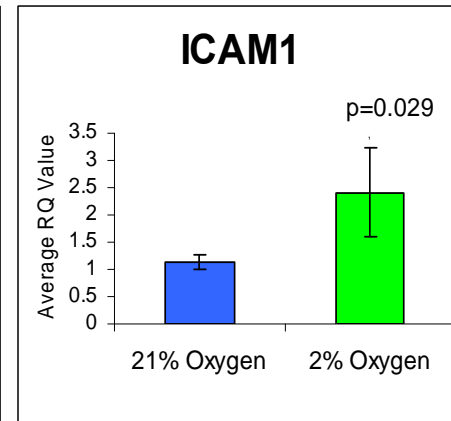
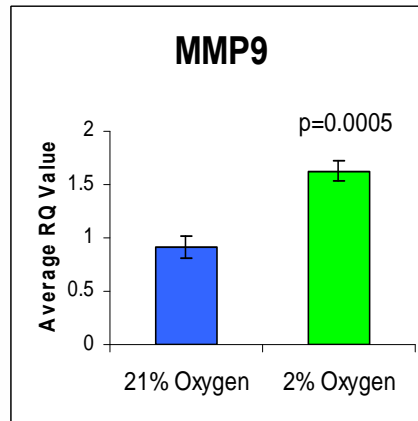
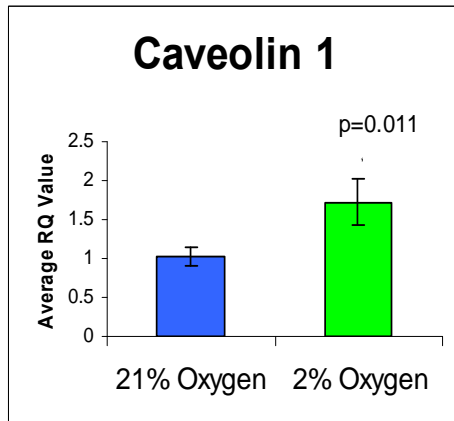
Green (Calcein AM) = migrated BRCs (5x)

**Neutralizing Antibodies (NAb) to Osteopontin reduce renal cell migration response by 50%**



# Low-oxygen Induction of Selected Bioactive Renal Cells

## *Modulates expression of tissue remodeling genes*

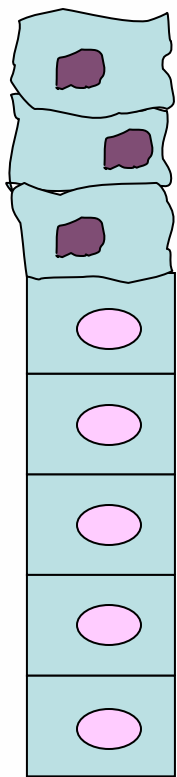


- **Caveolin 1:** scaffolding protein involved in modulation of integrin signaling
- **MMP9:** metalloproteinase that facilitates migration through extracellular matrix degradation
- **ICAM1:** Intercellular adhesion molecule associated with epithelial cell motility
- **CXCR4:** chemokine surface receptor that mediates cell migration

# Low Oxygen Augments Bioactivity of Selected Renal Cells

## *Putative mechanism(s) in renal regeneration*

Damaged tubular monolayer



Osteopontin Released by injured tubules

Integrin mediated binding

↑ CD44 expression

Increase Rho GTPase activity

↑ Pro MMP9

↑ MMP9 gene expression,  
↑ ICAM gene expression

↑ ICAM

2%O<sub>2</sub> Induced Selected BRC

② Migration facilitated by activation & secretion of MMP9 and ECM degradation

① Adhesion facilitated by increased ICAM expression

# Conclusions

- ***Selected Bioactive Renal Cells stabilized renal function and enhanced survival in a rodent model of progressive CKD***
- ***Low oxygen levels (2% O<sub>2</sub>)***
  - *Enhanced post-culture recovery of selected regenerative cells*
  - *Enhanced cellular attachment and monolayer repair in response to tubular injury*
  - *Stimulated cellular migration in response to tubular injury*
- ***Cellular migration and attachment were mediated in part by osteopontin in vitro***
- ***Low-oxygen upregulated integrins, secreted proteins, and cell adhesion molecules which mediate tissue remodeling, migration, and cell-cell communication***

# *Acknowledgments*

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